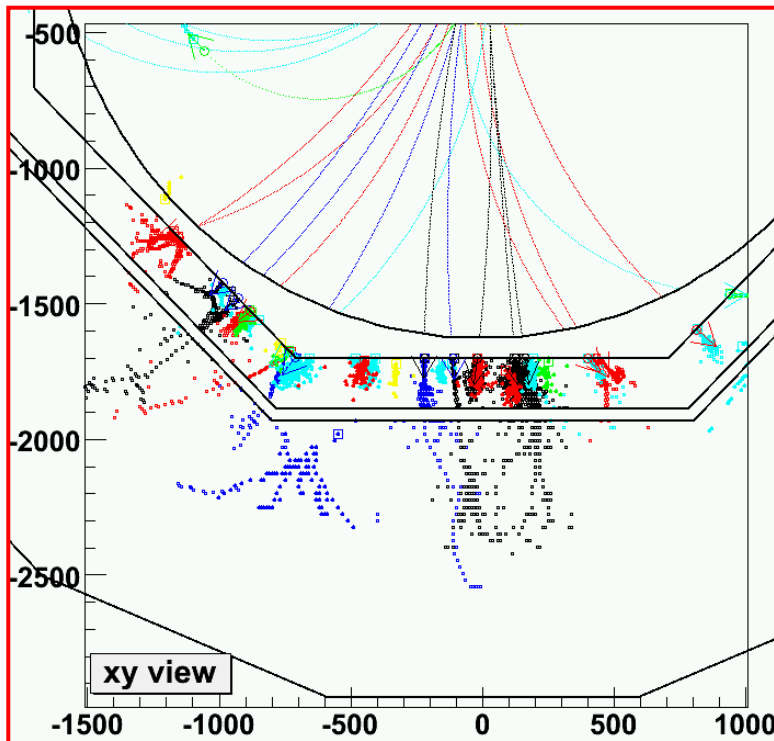


Status of Particle Flow with PandoraPFA

Mark Thomson
University of Cambridge



This Talk:

- ① **What's new**
- ② **Release Plans**
- ③ **Current Performance**

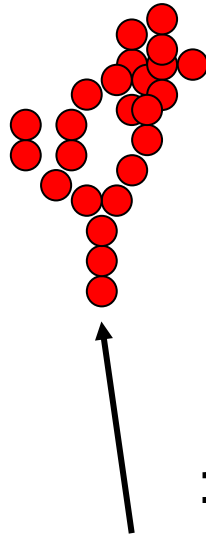
1 What's New

i) Improvements to reclustering

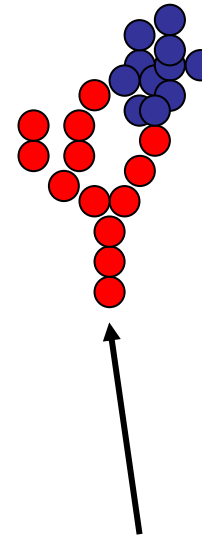
★ If track momentum and cluster energy inconsistent : RECLUSTER

e.g.

30 GeV



10 GeV Track



18 GeV

12 GeV

Change clustering parameters until split cluster + get sensible track-cluster match

NOTE: THIS IS NO LONGER "FULL PFA" as clustering is driven by track momentum

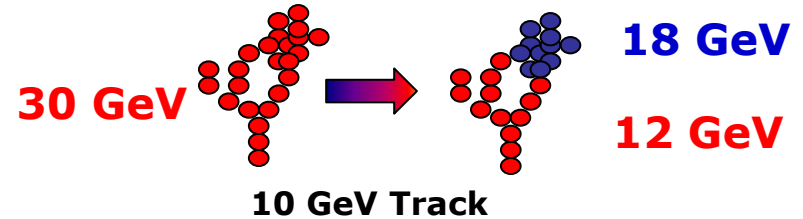
★ If can't find a sensible reclustering use the ultimate sanction i.e. do not use track information

Iterative Reclustering

① Cluster splitting

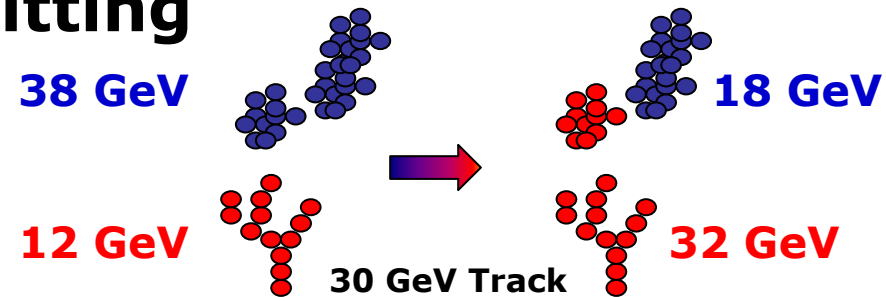
Reapply **entire** clustering algorithm to **hits** in “dubious” cluster. Iteratively reduce cone angle until cluster splits to give acceptable energy match to track

★ Could plug in alternative clustering



② Cluster merging with splitting

Look for clusters to add to a track to get sensible energy association. If necessary iteratively split up clusters to get good match.



③ Track association ambiguities

In dense environment may have multiple tracks matched to same cluster. Apply above techniques to get a good energy match.

③ “Nuclear Option”

★ If none of above works – kill track and rely on clusters alone

ii) Optimisation

- ★ Major effort to optimise performance
 - Sequentially switched off various parts of code
 - Re-evaluated performance at $\sqrt{s}=91, 200, 500$ GeV
- ★ Conclusions:
 - Performance at 91 GeV very robust !
 - All that really matters is being careful
 - At higher energies "Reclustering" is very important
 - No significant improvements found!

iii) Calibration

- ★ Fixed "feature"
 - Single hits corresponding to > 1 GeV were being set to 1 GeV.
 - Makes sense for hadronic showers but not for high energy EM showers.
 - Threshold now only applied to calculation of hadronic energy.

iv) Code Improvement

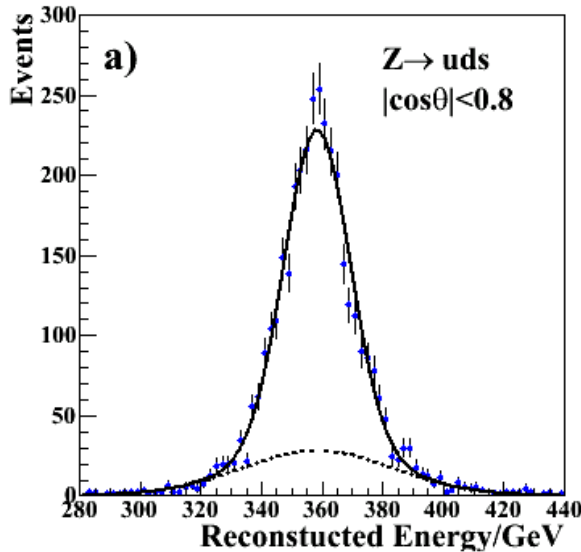
- ★ **Effort to tidy up code (not finished)**
 - **Remove obsolete/redundant methods**
 - **Careful testing of each part of the code – some minor bugs fixed.**
 - **Strip out some monitoring of performance used in development.**

② Release Plans

- ★ **Pre-release .tar file made available to a “select few”**
- ★ **Intend to release beta version next week**
- ★ **Code available from**
<http://www.hep.phy.cam.ac.uk/~thomson/pandoraPFA>
- ★ **Current performance in LCWS06 contribution**
available as **physics/060726**

3 Current Performance (as of 28/7/06)

Figures of Merit:



rms_{90}

★ Find smallest region containing 90 % of events

★ Determine rms in this region

σ_{75}

★ Fit sum of two Gaussians with same mean. The narrower one is constrained to contain 75% of events

★ Quote σ of narrow Gaussian

It is found that $\text{rms}_{90} \approx \sigma_{75}$

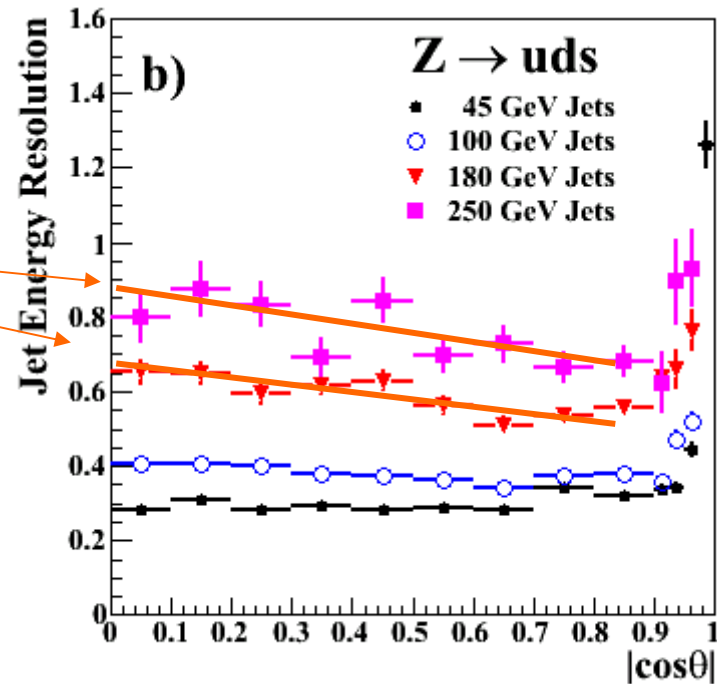
E_{JET}	$\sigma_E/E = \alpha\sqrt{(E/\text{GeV})}$ $ \cos\theta < 0.8$
45 GeV	0.30
100 GeV	0.37
180 GeV	0.57
250 GeV	0.75

Empirically:

$$\frac{\sigma_E}{E} = \frac{0.265}{\sqrt{E(\text{GeV})}} + 1.2 \times 10^{-4} E(\text{GeV})$$

Comment

Some evidence for degradation of performance due to HCAL leakage....



That's all for today....